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URTICARIA W.S.R TO SHEETPITTA – A CASE STUDY (AYURVEDIC SHAMANA CHIKITSA)

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ABSTRACT

In Ayurveda, allergic manifestation is mentioned under the concept of Satmya-asatmya. It manifests due to exposure to Asatmya ahara-vihara and contact with different poisonous materials (allergens) (Tripathi, 2007). In Ayurvedic texts Sheetapitta is described as a skin disorder characterized by inflamed lesions like of Varati dansha (wasp sting) and may be associated with Kandu (itching), Toda (pricking sensation), Daha (burning sensation), Vamana (vomiting) or Jwara (fever) (Upadhyaya, 2007)² It is a Tridoshaja disorder having predominance of Pitta and Vayu³ (Singh, 2001) and Rasa and Rakta are main Dushyas. Diseased environment, junk food habits, work in shift duties, anxiety etc. are the main causative factors for vitiation of tridosha and the demonstration of diseases in today's era. There is a dearth of information about *Dincharya* and *Ritucharya* in common people. Due to which people mainly gets exaggerated their gastrointestinal system first, and then other symptoms come subsequently. In sheetpitta, vata and kapha are primarily disturbed and in combination of pitta they cause redness, swelling and itching on the skin. It is compared with urticaria in modern science and termed as primary cutaneous disorder. An episode of it may start with pruritis. Urticaria is calculated as allergic reaction due to certain food and have only symptomatic treatment and anti-allergic drug. Commonly antihistaminic medicines were used for urticaria. In Ayurveda, treatment of Sheepitta includes Shodhana and Shamana Chikitsa. Here we discussed about a case study of Sheetpitta from O.P.D of Kaumarbhritya (Rishikul Campus) where we had given Ayurvedic treatment (Shamana chikitsa) and results were found very encouraging.

KEYWORDS: Satmya, asatmya, Sheetapitta, Varati dansha, Kandu, Toda, Daha, Vamana, Jwara, Tridoshaja, Dushyas, Dincharya, Ritucharya, Shodhana, Shamana Chikitsa.

INTRODUCTION

Sheetpitta is formed with two words which are exactly opposite to each other by their meaning. Here Sheeta denotes Kapha and Vata and their combination with Pitta Dosha. In Ayurveda, Sheetpitta is mentioned as Tridoshaj Vyadhi, but Vata and Pitta Doshas are predominant and Ras and Rakta are main Dushya. Sheetpitta manifests due to exposure to contact with various poisonous materials (allergens) and intake of Asatmya-Ahara-vihara. [4]

Urticaria is a dermatological condition characterized by itchy wheals that suddenly appear on any portion of the skin or mucous membranes. Individual lesions typically last a few minutes to a few hours and then subside without leaving any trace. [5] Urticaria is divided into two categories based on how long it lasts: (a) acute Urticaria

(less than six weeks) and (b) chronic Urticaria (lasting longer than six weeks).

AIMS AND OBJECTIVES

To study the effect of Ayurvedic treatment (Shamana chikitsa) in Sheetpitta.

CASE REPORT

Name of patient- ABC
Age/Sex- 10 years/Male
Father's Name- Mr. XYZ
Religion- Hindu
Socio-Economic Status- Middle class
Informant- Mother
Reliability- 97%
Address- Kankhal, Haridwar

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CHIEF COMPLAINTS WITH DURATION- A male patient of age 10 years visited the OPD of Kaumarbhritya, Rishikul Campus (Haridwar) on 13-May-2023 with the complaints of-

- Irregular erythematic patches with severe itching over the whole body (on and off) since last 3 years.
- The episode of those patches starts with itching usually at night and they erupt after scratching.
- The patches appear mostly during night time and more on the side on which he sleeps and persist till morning and got disappeared after taking tablet levocetirizine.
- Angioedema since 5 days, which persists for 10-12 hours.





History of Present Illness

According to patient's mother, the child was apparently well 3 years back. Then she started noticing red patches on his both lower limbs which kept spreading further on his trunk, neck, back, face and then eyelids. Initially the papules were red and small in size and after a while they form clusters followed with severe itching, oedema and burning sensation. Patches appears mostly during night

time and more on the side on which he sleeps and persist till morning, then slowly disappears after taking medicines. Patches aggravates after intake of spicy food, sweets and in seasonal changes. He has taken allopathic treatment for 2 years, but got temporary relief. With the above mention complaints patient came to Rishikul campus on 13/ May/ 2023 for ayurvedic management.

S. no.	Parameters	Details of patient		
1.	History of past illness	No history of HTN/DM/Thyroid dysfunction/ any other allergic reactions.		
2.	Family history	Not significant.		
3.	Treatment history	He was on Tablet Prednisolone – 5mg od since last 10 days.		
4.	Personal history	 Appetite- Good Diet – Vegetarian Qualitative- Rice, dala, chapati, vegetable, milk, fruits. Quantitative – Breakfast-2-3 chapati with well-cooked vegetables Lunch -Dala, rice – around 2 bowls Dinner-2-3 chapati, 1 bowl of dala Bowel- Regular with consistency- well formed & frequency of one time a day. Micturition – Normal Sleep – Disturbed Addiction – not any 		

Vitals

Heart rate	76/min
Respiratory rate	16/min
Temperature	98.2 F
SPo_2	98%

Anthropometry

Weight	30.5 Kg
Height	145 cm
Expected weight	32.5 Kg
Expected height	137 cm
BMI	14.5 kg/m^2

Local Examination

S. no.	Parameters	Findings
1.	Site of lesion	All over the body
2.	Distribution	Asymmetrical
3.	Character of lesion	Red in color
4.	Itching	Present (severe at night)
5.	Discharge	Absent
6.	Temperature	Slightly raised over the lesions
7.	Edema	Lesion surface elevated

Laboratory Findings

Hematological investigations were conducted on 11/03/2023, that revealed

S. no.	Parameters	Findings		
1.	Hb %	14.3 gm/dl		
2.	RBC	$5.04*10^3$		
3.	TLC	$5*10^3$		
4.	DLC			
	 Neutrophils 	56.6%		
	 Lymphocytes 	37.8%		
	 Eosinophils 	05%		
	 Basophils 	00%		
	 Monocytes 	0.7%		
5.	PLT	$2.24*10^{3} lakh/mm^{3}$		

Immunoassay conducted on 11/03/2023, that revealed

Total IgE 980.00 IU/L

Samprapti Ghataka

1.	Dosha	Kapha- Vata
2.	Dushya	Rasa, rakta
3.	Shrotas	Rasavaha and raktavaha
4.	Udbhava sthana	Amashaya
5.	Agni	Manda
6.	Shrotodushti prakara	Sanga and vimarg gamana
7.	Marga	Bahya roga marga
8.	Vyakta sthana	Twaka

RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

The assessment of severity of disease was assessed by the parameters given below

S. no.	Parameters	Grade 0	Grade 1	Grade 2	Grade 3
1.	Kandu (itching)	No itching	Mild itching during the appearance of rashes	Moderate itching one to four times during the day	Intense itching disturbing normal daily activities
2.	Varna (discoloration)	No discolored rashes	Slightly pinkish discoloration	Red colored discolored rashes	Dark red colored discolored rashes
3.	Mandalotpatti (wheal formation)	Not any	Both hands and legs	Hands, legs & trunk region	On whole body
4.	Frequency of attacks	Nil	In between 10-15 days	Twice weekly	Every two to three days

Management

Visits	Drug (aushadhi)	Dose (matra)	Duration	Anupana
First visit	1. Panchtiktghritam guggul +	125 mg + 65 mg +125 mg +	For 15 days	Honey + 10 ml
	Prawal panchamrita rasa +	500 mg + 125 mg + 500 mg		saunf arka
Gilloy sat + Madhuya.		in two divided		
	churna + Arogyavardhani vati	doses		
	+ Haridra khand			
	2. Urtiplex lotion	For local application		
	3. Psoralin bathy bar	For bathing daily		
Second	1. Panchtiktghritam guggul +	125 mg + 65 mg +125 mg +		Honey + 10 ml
visit	Prawal panchamrita rasa +	500 mg + 125 mg +500 mg	For 15 days	saunf arka
	Gilloy sat + Madhuyashti	in two divided		
	churna + Arogyavardhani vati	doses		
	+ Haridra khand			
	2. Urtiplex lotion	For local application		
	3. Psoralin bathy bar	For bathing daily		
Third	1. Panchtiktghritam guggul +	125 mg + 65 mg +125 mg +		Honey + 10 ml
visit	Prawal panchamrita rasa +	500 mg + 125 mg +500 mg +		saunf arka
	Gilloy sat + Madhuyashti	65 mg		
	churna + Arogyavardhani vati	in two divided		
	+ Haridra khand	doses	For 15 days	
	+Krimimudgara rasa			
	2. Urtiplex lotion	For local application		
	3. Psoralin bathy bar	For bathing daily		
Fourth	1. Panchtiktghritam guggul +	125 mg + 65 mg +125 mg +		Honey + 10 ml
visit	Prawal panchamrita rasa +	500 mg + 125 mg +500 mg +		saunf arka
	Gilloy sat + Madhuyashti	65 mg		
	churna + Arogyavardhani vati	in two divided		
	+ Haridra khand	doses	For 15 days	
	+Krimimudgara rasa			
	2. Urtiplex lotion	For local application		
	3. Psoralin bathy bar	For bathing daily		

RESULT

Patient was instructed for follow up every 15 days. All the sign and symptoms before treatment is likely to pacified by *shamana chikitsa*. At last follow up all

symptoms were absent according to his guardians. Treatment was continued for 1 month to get complete relief with no recurrence and patient was advised to follow the *pathya* and *apathya* in his daily schedule.

S. no.	Parameters	Before treatment	After treatment
1.	Kandu (itching)	Grade 3	Grade 0
2.	Varna (discoloration)	Grade 3	Grade 0
3.	Mandalotpatti (wheal formation)	Grade 3	Grade 0
4.	Frequency of attacks	Grade 3	Grade 0

DISCUSSION AND CONCLUSION

Shitapitta is a Tridoshaja Vyadhi. According to Nidaan Sevana (etiological factors), [6] there is a vitiation of Kapha and Vata, which then spreads throughout the body, both externally and internally, mixing with Pitta. The Tridoshas spreading internally cause Dushti (pathogenesis) of Rasa and Rakta Dhatus. Then Rasa Vaha and Rakta Vaha Sroto Dushti appear, [7] causing symptoms such as Varati Damstavat Sotha (rash) and Kandu (itching) caused by Kapha, Shula (pain) given by Vata, and Daha (burning sensation) caused by Pitta when they reach Vigna Twaka (sensitized skin). [7]

Panchtikta ghrita guggul was chosen for Shamana chikitsa as all its constituents – Nimba (Azadirachta indica), Patola (Trichosanthes dioica), Kantakari (Solanum surattense), Guduchi (Terminalia cordifolia) and Vasa (Adhatoda vasica) are Tikta rasa pradhan dravyas. Tikta rasa is Vishaghna (antiallergic action), Kandughna (pacifies itching), Kushthaghna (removes skin disorders) and purifies Twacha (skin) and Rakta (blood) Panchatikta ghrita has been proven as antiinflammatory. So it checks the inflammatory reaction on skin due to vitiated Doshas and Dhatus. Other drugs selected were Gandhak rasayana, Giloy Satva, Aarogyavardhini vati and Haridra Khanda which are all Rakta shodhaka (blood purifier), Twak prasaadak and immunomodulators. Haridra (turmeric) is a potent

antiallergic drug, recommended in various allergic conditions including skin allergies like, Urticaria (*Sheetpitta*), itching etc. [9] The Urtiplex lotion contains *Kokum* and *Kumari*, both reduce inflammation and have a soothing effect on skin rash and hives. It offers a cooling effect and soothes the burning sensation along with it also helps to relieve itching and reduces flare-ups. Psoralin bathy which opens up the skin pores to help take in moisture and clean the skin.

If disease is treated by breaking down of *doshas* and *Nidana Parivarjanam* can absolutely get good results.

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