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A REVIEW OF VIDANGADI AWAPIDA NASYA IN MANAGEMENT OF ARDHAVABHEDAKA (MIGRAINE)

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ABSTRACT

Migraine is one of the most common neurological diseases encountered in day-to-day life due to the rapidly disturbances in living style and behavioural pattern of the people. It is a widespread chronic and intermittently disabling disorder characterized by recurrent headaches with or without aura. In *Ayurveda*, Migraine can be corelated with *Ardhavabhedaka* which is a major health issue among people of age group 25-45 years. It is described under *Shiroroga* which occurs due to vitiation all the three *dosha* but predominance of *vata* or pitta dosha. This condition is characterized by the unilateral headache with paroxysmal nature and associated with symptoms like photophobia, nausea, vomiting, and sensory abnormalities. Modern science probably advises drugs like NSAIDs, Antiemetic, Ergot, Triptans which have their own side effects like Liver damage, increased risk of heart attack, dizziness, feeling of chest heaviness and numbness of fingers and toes. *Vidangadi Awapida Nasaya* in *Ayurveda* plays a unique role in the management of the *Ardhavbhedaka*. *Vidangadi Awapida Nasaya* is referenced from *Bhesyajya Ratnawali* and *Vangsena*. It is a type of *Shodhana Nasya*. *Vidangadi Awapida Nasaya* is prepared from *Vidanga, Krishna Tila*, and Water. So, use *Vidangadi Awapida Nasaya* in the treatment of *Ardhavbhedaka*.

KEYWORDS: Ardhavbhedak, Migraine, Tridosha, Awapida Nasya, Vidanga.

INTRODUCTION

Acharya Sushruta, Acharya Yogaratnakara, Madhavacharya, Vangsen, Bhavamishra described 11 types of Shiro Rogas. Acharya Charaka, 5 type Shiroroga are mentioned in Sutrasthana and 4 additional types of shiroroga described in Sidhdhisthana. Acharya Vagbhata mentioned 19 type of Shiroroga. Ardhavabhedaka is one among them.

Ardhavabhedaka (hemicrania) is one of the Shiroroga which can be correlated with migraine having symptoms paroxysmal one-sided headache. Chakrapani, the commentator of Charaka Samhita made it clear by saying Ardhavabhedaka means "Ardha Mastaka Vedana". [1] According to Acharya Sushruta Ardhavabhedaka occur due to vitiation of Tridosha (Vata - Pitta - Kapha). [2] While Acharya Charaka [3], Madhavacharya^[4], Vangsen^[5] Acharya Yogaratnakara^[6] had mentioned that vitiated Vata/Vata -Kapha are responsible for the Ardhavabhedaka. According to Acharya Vagbhatta, Ardhavabhedaka is caused by Vata Dosha.[7]

Ardhavbhedak is also manifest by Vatadi Dosha, because

all endogenous diseases, despite being generated by *Vatadi Doshas*, are given different names depending on the characteristics of the *Sthana* (location), *Sansthaan* (Shape, Signs and Symptoms) and *Prakrti* (*Hetu*- Couse, Sake). [8] The word *Ardhavabhedaka* has two components viz.- *Ardhava* and *bhedaka*. *Ardhava* means half or half side, *Bhedaka* means breaking through, perforating, or bursting out type of pain. *Vagbhatta* also mentioned "*Ardhethu Murdha*: *Ardhavabhedaka*". [9]

NIDANAS - The specific Nidanas for Ardhavabhedaka has been mentioned in details in Charaka Samhita^[10], Madava Nidana^[11] and Vangasena^[12] like - Ruksha Bhojan, Atyashana (axcess of diet), Adyashana (Consuming food even before previous meal is digested), Atimaithuna, Vegasandharanaa (suppression of natural urges), Ayasa (excessive exertion), Ati Vyayama, Purvavatasevana (strong winds blowing from opposite direction), Avasyaya (exposure to mist)-Hima Sevana.

Pathogenesis of Ardhavbhedak: Due to the different kind of nidana factors vitiate either Vata, Pitta and Kapha or Vata and Kapha get aggravated, which vitiate the rasa and Rakta dhatu, resulting in the manifestation

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of *shirahshoola* and invading the half portion of head resulting in *Ardhavbhedaka*.

RUPA

Severe pain in half side of head, affecting *Manya* (Sternomastoid region), *Bhru* (Eye Brows), Temporal region, ear, eye and forehead. Pain is like cutting by the sharp objects or churning in nature. If the condition becomes aggravated, it may even impair the functions of the *Shravana* and *Nayana*. (113) Acharya Sushruta's vision- Severe tearing and pricking pain in one half of the head associated with giddiness, appear suddenly after a fortnight or ten days.

Acharya Vagbhata mentioned Ghata (Shankhasyopari (Occipital region) according to Indu and karkatika (Parietal region) according to Chandranandan) and all the Shirogata Sandhis in addition where the pain occurs like Manya (neck), Bhru (eye brow), Shankha (temporal region), Karna(ear), Akshi (eye) and Lalata (forehead). He has also emphasized on its paroxysmal nature of pain and said that it comes in every Paksha (Fortnightly) or Masa (Month). He has also emphasized on its paroxysmal nature and said that it comes in every Paksha (fortnightly) or Masa (Month). The headache subsides by itself i.e., Svayameva Upashamyati. [14,15]

SMPRAPTI GHATAK

Dohsa	Tridoshaja, Vataja, Vata
	Kaphaja
	1 0
Dushya	Rasa , Rakta
Srotasa	Rasa – Raktavaha srotasa
Srotodushti	Sanga, Vimargagamana
Agnimandya	Jatharagnimandya, Rakta
	dhatvagnimandya
Marga	Madhyama
Adhisthana	Shira (Head)
Vyaktasthana	Shira and its appendage like-
	Manya , Bhru, Shankha, Karna,
	Akshi, Lalata, Ghata, Hanu and
	Shirogata Sandhi.

ARDHAVABHEDAKA CHIKITSA

Nidana Parivarjana - Nidana Parivarjana (getting rid of the causative factors) is the first line of treatment in all diseases. It is important to understand the etiological factors, triggers and course of *Doshas* in *Ardhavabhedaka*.

IfoMx~a frya d``.ka lea d`ROkk izis`k;sr~A uL;deZf.k nkrO;e)ZHksna fouk''k;sr~AA (Bhesjyaratnawli Shirorogadhikar^[16])

All the Acharyas have been prominently mentioned to do *Nasya Karma* in the treatment of *Ardhavabhedaka*, *Avapida Nasya* is one of them. *Vidangadi Avpid Nasya* has been mentioned in *Vangsen Samhita* and *Bhaishajya Ratnavali* for the treatment of *Ardhavbhedak*. *Avapida Nasya* It is a type of *Shodhana Nasya*. The word *Avapida* means the expressed juice of leaves or paste (*kalka*) of required medicine (*Chakrapani*). [17]

Vidangadi Awapiada Nasya

Ingredients of Vidangadi Awapiada Nasya are

- 1. Vidanga (Embelia ribes) -1 parts.
- 2. Krishna Tila (Sesamum indicum) -1 part.
- 3. Water Quantity as needed.

FORMULATION

Preparation of Vidangadi Avapida Nasya

Vidanga churna and Krishna tila churna mixture will be prepared and mixed with water in a mortar and pressed in a cloth to extract the rasa(juice). Then it will be made lukewarm by keeping it in hot water. This lukewarm rasa (juice) will be put in both nostrils for Nasya.

Ayurvedic Properties and Action of Composition

1-Vidanga^[18] (Embelia ribes), (*Chitratandul, Vayavidanga*)- *It is used in to Krimi roga*, *Vata Kapha vikar, Udarasool, Adhyaman, and Vibandha*.

Ras- Katu, Kashaya

Guna- Laghu, Ruksha, Thikshna

Virya- Ushna Vipaka- Katu

Chemical Composition- Embelin, Christembine, Quercitol, Tannin.

Action- Vata Kapha samak, krimighan, vishnasak, Agnimandhyahar.

2- *Krishna Tila*^[19] (Sesamum indicum) It is *Balya*, *keshya*, *Twacha and Varna hitkari*, *Vatnasak*, *Dant vikar Nashak*.

Ras- Katu, Tikta, Madhur, Kashaya

Guna- Guru Snigdha

Virya- Ushna Vipaka- Katu

Chemical Composition- Vitamin B complex, Sesamin

Action- Vata Hara, Kapha Pittakrit, Aganiprdiptikar, Grahi, Himasparsi

3- Water^[20]- (Salila, Paniya, Neer, Ambu, Jala, Toya, Vari) It is Shram-kalamhar, Balakark, Hridhya, Hitkar, Ajeernahar,

Ras- Avyakta

Vidangadi Avapida Nasya should be given in the following dose^[21] –

Hina Matra - 4 drops; *Madhyama Matra* - 6 drops ; *Uttama Matra* - 8 drops

Indications- Shirovedana Ardhavbhedaka

Mode of action of *Vidangadi Awapida Nasya:*- Mode of Action of *Nasya* A clear description regarding the mode of action of *Nasya Karma* is not available in Ayurvedic classics. *Acharya Charaka* has described that Nasa is the only gateway to *Shirah*. ^[22] So, the *Vidangadi Awapida Nasya* administered through *Nasa* can easily spread to *Shirah* and get absorbed. *Acharya Vagbhatta* has given some more details about the mode of action (As.S.Su.29/2). *Vidangadi Awapida Nasya* administrated through nostrils reaches *Shringataka*, a *Siramarma* by *Nasa Srota* and spreads in the *Murdha*, taking routes of

Netra, Shrotra (Ears), Kantha (Throat) and stretches the morbid Doshas from Urdhwajatru and expels them from Uttamanga.

DISCUSSION

The maximum *Nidanas* of this disease shows the predominance of *Vata* and *Kapha dosha*. But due to overeating or intake of food before previous meal, results in *agnimandhya* and *Ajeern* (indigestion) and the three *doshas* get vitiated. As in this disease vitiated *Vata* and *Kapha* is primarily responsible factor. Therefore, *vatakapha shamak* properties plays an important role in the management of disease. *Vidangadi Awapida* have ingredients, which are mainly *vatashamak* and *Kaphashamak* properties.

CONCLUSION

Vidangadi Awapida Nasya correcting the vitiated state of Vata and Kapha, improves the Ardhavbhedaka. Conceptually it is concluded that the Vidangadi Awapida Nasya having properties, like laghu, katu, snigdha, ushana Tikshna has the effect to decrease the vitiated Dosha. Vidanga and Krishna Tila are effective in defeating Ardhavbhedaka disease due to Kapha and Vata shamak properties, because Vata and Kapha doshas are mainly aggravated in Ardhavbhedak. This medicine can be given in the form of Shodhana Nasya. Due to the defect being dependent in the head, the nearest way for Shodhan Krama is the Nasa. Nasya are simple and effective treatment modalities for Ardhavbhedak. The study can prove a real breakthrough in the coming times for the management of Ardhavbhedaka (Migraine).

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